

DEFENDOR™

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	01/19/2022	800080004147	Date of first issue: 01/19/2022

Corteva Agriscience [™] encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name

: DEFENDOR™

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer	:	CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC 9330 ZIONSVILLE RD INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053 UNITED STATES
Customer Information	:	800-992-5994
E-mail address	:	customerinformation@corteva.com
Emergency telephone	:	INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).
		800-992-5994 or 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components				
Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)		
florasulam (ISO)	145701-23-1	4.8		
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	lene glycol	57-55-6	>= 3 - < 10
Cellul Balan		9004-34-6	ed >= 1 - < 3
	ce I concentration is withh	Not Assigne	
/101010			
SECTION	4. FIRST AID MEASU	RES	
lf inha	led	emergency resp ration; if by mou	o fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an ponder or ambulance, then give artificial respi- uth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket a poison control center or doctor for treatment
In cas	e of skin contact		ninated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center eatment advice.
In cas	e of eye contact		
lf swa	llowed	: No emergency	medical treatment necessary.
	important symptoms ffects, both acute and ed	: None known.	
	ction of first-aiders		exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific ctive equipment.
Notes	to physician	symptoms and Have the Safety	xposure should be directed at the control of the clinical condition of the patient. y Data Sheet, and if available, the product con- with you when calling a poison control center or

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi- tion to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
		Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.



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Furth	ner information	cumstances a Use water spi : Collect contai must not be d Fire residues	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		: Wear self-cor essary.	protective equipment.	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb- ant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis- posal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate contain- ment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over- pressurization of the container. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor- mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

 Advice on safe handling
 : Do not breathe vapors/dust.

 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.



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Conditions for safe storage		plication area. Take care to p environment. Use appropria	ng and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- revent spills, waste and minimize release to the te safety equipment. For additional information, n 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. ed container.
		kept upright to Keep in prope	ich are opened must be carefully resealed and prevent leakage. ly labeled containers.
Materials to avoid		Store in accord : Do not store no Strong oxidizir	
Pack	aging material	: Unsuitable ma	terial: None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH	
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1	
		TWA (respir- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1	
Engineering measures :					
Personal protective equipmen	t				
Respiratory protection : Hand protection	 Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. 				
Remarks :	longed or freq of preferred g Polyethylene.	uently repeated love barrier mate Ethyl vinyl alcor	nt to this material whe contact could occur. erials include: Butyl ru nol laminate ("EVAL") trile/butadiene rubber	Examples ıbber. . Natural	
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Eye protection Skin and body protection		:	selection of a spe duration of use in all relevant workp er chemicals whic (cut/puncture prot tial body reactions tions/specification Use safety glasse	hyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The cific glove for a particular application and a workplace should also take into account lace factors such as, but not limited to: Oth- th may be handled, physical requirements ection, dexterity, thermal protection), poten- to glove materials, as well as the instruc- s provided by the glove supplier. (with side shields). -covering clothing.
SECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND CHI	EMIC		8
Appea	arance	:	Liquid.	
Color		:	White to off-white	9
Odor		:	Mild	
Odor	Threshold	:	No data available	9
рН		:	4.36 (68 °F / 20 ° Concentration: 1	
Meltin	ng point/range	:	Not applicable	
Freez	ing point		No data available	9
Boilin	g point/boiling range	:	No data available	9
Flash	point	:	Method: Pensky- none below boilir	Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93, closed cup ng point
Evapo	oration rate	:	No data available	9
Flamr	mability (solid, gas)	:	No data available	9
	r explosion limit / Upper nability limit	:	Test not perform	ed, the product is a liquid.
			No data available	9
	r explosion limit / Lower nability limit	:	No data available	9
Vapor	r pressure	:	Not applicable	
Relati	ve vapor density	:	No data available	9
Densi	ty	:	1.034 g/cm3 (68 Method: Digital d	
	ility(ies) ater solubility	:	No data available	9



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Aut	oignition temperature	:	Method: EC Meth none below 400		
	Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic		No data available	9	
Exp	Explosive properties		Not explosive		
Oxi	Oxidizing properties		No significant inc	rease (>5C) in temperature.	
			Reference subst	ance: Monoammonium phosphate	
SECTIO	N 10. STABILITY AND RI	EAC	ΤΙVITY		
Che	Reactivity Chemical stability		No decomposition Stable under nor		
Pos tion	sibility of hazardous reac- s	:		ommended storage conditions. e specially mentioned.	
Inco Haz	Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition		• •	roducts depend upon temperature, air supply	

nazardous decomposition	•	Decomposition products depend upon temperature, all supp
products		and the presence of other materials.
		Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:
		Sulfur oxides
		Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
		,

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Components:		
florasulam (ISO):		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg
		LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.0 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h



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		/		ere: dust/mist The substance or mixture has no acute inhala			
Acute dermal toxicity		9	 LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute derm toxicity 				
Prop	ylene glycol:						
Acute	e oral toxicity	: 1	_D50 (Rat): >	20,000 mg/kg			
Acute inhalation toxicity		 - 	LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhation toxicity Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tr (nose and throat).				
Acute dermal toxicity			LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute derm toxicity				
Cellu	lose:						
Acute	Acute oral toxicity		 LD50 (Rat): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox icity 				
Skin	corrosion/irritation						
Prod	uct:						
Speci Resu	ies		Rabbit No skin irritati	on			
Com	ponents:						
Prop	ylene glycol:						
Speci Resu	ies		Rabbit No skin irritati	n			
Serio	ous eye damage/eye	irritatio	า				
Prod							
Speci			Rabbit				
Resu	It	: 1	No eye irritatio	pn			



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<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
Propy	/lene glycol:			
Speci		:	Rabbit	
Resul	t	:	No eye irritation	
Respi	iratory or skin sensi	tizatio	n	
<u>Produ</u>	<u>uct:</u>			
Speci		:	Mouse	
Resul	t	:	Does not cause	skin sensitization.
Comp	oonents:			
floras	ulam (ISO):			
Rema	rks	:	Did not cause a pigs.	lergic skin reactions when tested in guinea
Rema	rks	:	For respiratory s No relevant data	
Propy	/lene glycol:			
Speci		÷	human	
•	es ssment	:		skin sensitization.
Asses				skin sensitization.
Asses Germ	sment	:		skin sensitization.
Asses Germ <u>Comp</u>	cell mutagenicity oonents:	:		skin sensitization.
Asses Germ <u>Comp</u> floras	ssment cell mutagenicity	:	Does not cause	
Asses Germ Comp floras Germ	ssment cell mutagenicity <u>conents:</u> sulam (ISO):	:	Does not cause	oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet
Asses Germ Comp floras Germ Asses	ssment cell mutagenicity <u>conents:</u> sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment	:	Does not cause	oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet
Asses Germ Comp floras Germ Asses Propy	cell mutagenicity <u>conents:</u> culam (ISO): cell mutagenicity -	:	Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gene vere negative.
Asses Germ Comp floras Germ Asses Propy Germ	cell mutagenicity conents: culam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment vlene glycol:		Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses	cell mutagenicity oonents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment ylene glycol: cell mutagenicity - ssment		Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v In vitro genetic t	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul	cell mutagenicity ponents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment vlene glycol: cell mutagenicity - ssment		Does not cause	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gene vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gene vere negative.
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul Germ	cell mutagenicity oonents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment ylene glycol: cell mutagenicity - ssment	:	Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v The data preser cellulose., In vitr	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. nted are for the following material:, Methyl
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul Germ Asses	cell mutagenicity ponents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment vlene glycol: cell mutagenicity - ssment lose: cell mutagenicity -	:	Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v The data preser cellulose., In vitr	oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet vere negative. nted are for the following material:, Methyl to genetic toxicity studies were negative., Ar
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul Germ Asses	cell mutagenicity conents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - sement vlene glycol: cell mutagenicity - sement lose: cell mutagenicity - sement	:	Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v The data preser cellulose., In vitr	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. nted are for the following material:, Methyl to genetic toxicity studies were negative., Ar
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul Germ Asses Carcin	cell mutagenicity ponents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - ssment /lene glycol: cell mutagenicity - ssment lose: cell mutagenicity - ssment	:	Does not cause In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v In vitro genetic t toxicity studies v The data preser cellulose., In vitr	oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal genet vere negative. nted are for the following material:, Methyl to genetic toxicity studies were negative., Ar
Asses Germ floras Germ Asses Propy Germ Asses Cellul Germ Asses Carcii Comp floras	cell mutagenicity conents: sulam (ISO): cell mutagenicity - sement /lene glycol: cell mutagenicity - sement lose: cell mutagenicity - sement	:	Does not cause	oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. oxicity studies were negative., Animal gener vere negative. nted are for the following material:, Methyl to genetic toxicity studies were negative., Ar



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С	•••	ne glyc genicity	:ol: - Assess-	:	Did not cause can	cer in laboratory animals.
С	ellulos	se:				
	arcinog nent	genicity	- Assess-	:	Did not cause can	cer in laboratory animals.
IA	ARC					at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is offirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
0	SHA				this product preser regulated carcinog	nt at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is ens.
Ν	ΙTΡ					at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is carcinogen by NTP.
R	eprod	uctive t	oxicity			
<u>c</u>	ompor	nents:				
R			D): exicity - As-	:	Did not cause birtl	did not interfere with reproduction. h defects or other effects in the fetus even at ed toxic effects in the mother.
R			:ol: xicity - As-	:	mal studies, did no	did not interfere with reproduction., In ani- ot interfere with fertility. h defects or any other fetal effects in labora-
c	ماليام	· • ·				
R	e llulos eprodu essmer	ictive to	oxicity - As-	:	fertility and reprod associated with ex lose.	cellulose has been shown to interfere with luction as a result of nutritional deficiencies stremely high dietary concentrations of cellu- h defects or any other fetal effects in labora-
S	TOT-si	ingle e	xposure			
Р	roduct	:				
	ssessn	_		:	Evaluation of avai an STOT-SE toxic	lable data suggests that this material is not ant.
<u>c</u>	ompor	nents:				
	ropyle ssessn	ne glyc nent	col:	:	Evaluation of avai an STOT-SE toxic	lable data suggests that this material is not ant.



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	Cellulose: Assessment		:	The substance or organ toxicant, si	mixture is not classified as specific target ngle exposure.		
F	Repea	ted dose toxicity					
<u>c</u>	Compo	onents:					
	florasulam (ISO): Remarks		:	In animals, effect gans: Kidney.	s have been reported on the following or-		
F	Propyl	ene glycol:					
F	Remar	KS	:		eated excessive exposure to propylene gly- ntral nervous system effects.		
C	Cellulo	ose:					
F	Remarks		: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici- pated to cause significant adverse effects.				
ļ	Aspira	tion toxicity					
	Produc Based	<u>ot:</u> on physical properties,	not	likely to be an asp	piration hazard.		
<u>c</u>	Compo	onents:					
		Ilam (ISO): on physical properties,	not	likely to be an asp	iration hazard.		
F	Propyl	ene glycol:					
		on physical properties,	not	likely to be an asp	iration hazard.		
	Celluic Based	ose: on physical properties,	not	likely to be an asp	iration hazard.		
SECT	FION 1	2. ECOLOGICAL INFO	ORM	IATION			
E	Ecoto	kicity					
Ē	Produc	<u>>t:</u>					
T	Toxicity	/ to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhyno Exposure time: 9 Test Type: semi-			
		/ to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia n Exposure time: 4	nagna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l 8 h		



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Toxicity plants	to algae/aquatic	:	End point: Growth Exposure time: 14	nor (duckweed)): 0.0413 mg/l n inhibition (cell density reduction) 4 d est Guideline 201 or Equivalent
			EbC50 (Pseudoki 0.0611 mg/l End point: Biomas Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t Method: OECD Te	2 h test
Toxicity ganism	to soil dwelling or- s	:	LC50 (Eisenia feti End point: mortali	ida (earthworms)): > 1,033 mg/kg ty
Toxicity isms	to terrestrial organ-	:	oral LD50 (Anas p bodyweight. End point: mortali	blatyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 2250 mg/kg ty
			oral LD50 (Apis m Exposure time: 24 End point: mortali	
			contact LD50 (Api Exposure time: 24 End point: mortali	
<u>Compo</u>	nents:			
florasu Toxicity	lam (ISO): to fish	:		ll is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on C50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive
			Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t	
	to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 48 Test Type: static t	
Toxicity plants	to algae/aquatic	:	0.00894 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t	2 h
			EC50 (Myriophyllu End point: Growth Exposure time: 14	



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		or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	100	
	icity) Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)		:	NOEC (Oncorhyn End point: mortali Exposure time: 28 Test Type: flow-th	3 d
				NOEC (Pimephale End point: Other Exposure time: 33 Test Type: flow-th	
		/ to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia r End point: growth Exposure time: 21 Test Type: semi-s	l d
				MATC (Maximum magna (Water flea End point: growth Exposure time: 21 Test Type: semi-s	l d
	M-Factority	or (Chronic aquatic	:	100	
		/ to soil dwelling or-	:	LC50 (Eisenia feti Exposure time: 14	da (earthworms)): > 1,320 mg/kg I d
	Toxicity isms	/ to terrestrial organ-	:	(LD50 between 50	l is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis 01 and 2000 mg/kg)., Material is practically on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).
				oral LD50 (Coturn bodyweight.	ix japonica (Japanese quail)): 1047 mg/kg
				dietary LC50 (Ana ppm Exposure time: 8	as platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,000 d
				oral LD50 (Apis m Exposure time: 48	ellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee 3 h
				contact LD50 (Api Exposure time: 48	is mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee 3 h
	Propyl	ene glycol:			
	Toxicity	<i>ı</i> to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t Method: OECD Te	est
		/ to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	LC50 (Ceriodaphr Exposure time: 48 Test Type: static t	



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			Method: OECD To	est Guideline 202
To) pla	kicity to algae/aquatic nts	:	ErC50 (Pseudokir 19,000 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 96 Method: OECD To	β h
aqı	kicity to daphnia and other uatic invertebrates (Chron- oxicity)		NOEC (Ceriodaph End point: numbe Exposure time: 7 Test Type: semi-s	d
То	kicity to microorganisms	:	NOEC (Pseudom Exposure time: 18	onas putida): > 20,000 mg/l } h
Ce	llulose:			
То	kicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): > 10 Exposure time: 96	•
To: pla	kicity to algae/aquatic nts	:	EC50 (Algae): > 1 End point: Growth Exposure time: 96	n rate inhibition
То	kicity to microorganisms	:	LC50 (Bacteria): >	> 100 mg/l
Pe	rsistence and degradabil	ity		
<u>Co</u>	mponents:			
flo	rasulam (ISO):			
Bio	degradability	:		gradable. I is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready
			Biodegradation: 2 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD To Remarks: 10-day	3 d est Guideline 301B or Equivalent
	chemical Oxygen De- nd (BOD)	:	0.012 kg/kg Incubation time: 5	d
Th	DD	:	0.85 kg/kg	
Sta	bility in water	:	Degradation half I	ife: > 30 d
Pho	otodegradation	:	Rate constant: 7.0 Method: Estimate	



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-	ylene glycol: egradability	Biodegradatio Exposure time Method: OEC	
	nemical Oxygen De- I (BOD)	: 69.000 % Incubation tim	ie: 5 d
		70.000 % Incubation tim	ie: 10 d
		86.000 % Incubation tim	ie: 20 d
	nical Oxygen Demand	: 1.53 kg/kg	
(COE ThOE		: 1.68 kg/kg	
Photo	odegradation	: Rate constant Method: Estim	:: 1.28E-11 cm3/s nated.
Cellu	llose:		
Biode	egradability	: Remarks: Bio water with acc	degradation rate may increase in soil and/or climation.
ThO)	: 1.18 kg/kg	
Bioa	ccumulative potential		
Com	ponents:		
flora	sulam (ISO):		
Bioac	ccumulation	: Species: Fish Bioconcentrat Exposure time Temperature: Method: Meas	ion factor (BCF): 0.8 ∋: 28 d 55 °F / 13 °C
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	: log Pow: -1.22 pH: 7.0 Remarks: Bio Pow < 3).	2 concentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log



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Propylene glycol:						
Bioaccumulation	: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09 Method: Estimated.					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: -1.07 Method: Measured Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or L Pow < 3).					
Cellulose:						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Remarks: No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).					
Balance:						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Remarks: No relevant data found.					
Mobility in soil						
<u>Components:</u>						
florasulam (ISO):						
Distribution among environ- mental compartments	: Koc: 4 - 54 Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be- tween 0 and 50).					
Stability in soil	: Dissipation time: 0.7 - 4.5 d					
Propylene glycol:						
Distribution among environ- mental compartments	 Koc: < 1 Method: Estimated. Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). 					
Cellulose:						
Distribution among environ- mental compartments	: Remarks: No data available.					
Balance:						
Distribution among environ- mental compartments	: Remarks: No relevant data found.					
Other adverse effects						
Components:						
florasulam (ISO):						
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccum lating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).					



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	Ozone-	Depletion Potential	:		bstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list t deplete the ozone layer.		
	Propyl	ene glycol:					
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccur lating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).			
	Ozone-Depletion Potential		:	Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.			
	Cellulo	se:					
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		:	This substance ha	as not been assessed for persistence, bioac- xicity (PBT).		
	Ozone-Depletion Potential		:		bstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list t deplete the ozone layer.		
	Balanc	:e:					
		s of PBT and vPvB	:	This substance ha	as not been assessed for persistence, bioac- xicity (PBT).		
	Ozone-Depletion Potential		:		bstance is not on the Montreal Protocol list t deplete the ozone layer.		

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

Proper shipping name

UNRTDG UN number

:	UN 3082
:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
	N.O.S.
	(Florasulam)

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P	Class Packing abels	g group	:	9 9	
IATA-DGR UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft)			UN 3082 Environmentally h (Florasulam) 9 III Miscellaneous 964 964	azardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.	
IMDG-Code UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels EmS Code Marine pollutant Remarks			UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTA N.O.S. (Florasulam) 9 III 9 F-A, S-F yes Stowage category	ALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.



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SECTION	15. REGULATORY IN	FORMATION		
SARA	A 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Haz	ards	
SARA 313		known CAS nu	material does not contain any chemical components with n CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) rting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.	
US St	tate Regulations			
Penns	sylvania Right To Kr	low		
	Propylene glycol Cellulose		57-55-6 9004-34-6	
Califo	ornia Prop. 65			
quinol metha	line, naphthalene, whi	ch is/are known to the vn to the State of Cali	nicals including dichloromethane, formaldehyd State of California to cause cancer, and fornia to cause birth defects or other reproduc- /arnings.ca.gov.	
The ir	ngredients of this pro	oduct are reported in	n the following inventories:	
TSCA	ι.	: Product contai	ns substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.	
TSCA	list			
No su	bstances are subject	to a Significant New L	Jse Rule.	
No su	bstances are subject	to TSCA 12(b) export	notification requirements.	
	ral Insecticide, Fung Registration Number		le Act	
subjeo from t workp	ct to certain labeling re the classification criter	equirements under fee	y the Environmental Protection Agency and is deral pesticide law. These requirements differ ation required for safety data sheets, and for owing is the hazard information as required or	
CAUT	TION			
Harm	ful if absorbed through	ı skin		
SECTION	16. OTHER INFORM	ATION		
This S	nation Source and Ref SDS is prepared by Pr nation supplied by inte	oduct Regulatory Ser	vices and Hazard Communications Groups fro our company.	
Full to	ext of other abbrevia	tions		

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-



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US WEEL ACGIH / TWA		its for Air Contaminants : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL) : 8-hour. time-weighted average			

USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
8-hour, time-weighted average
8-hour time weighted average
8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB -Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date 01/19/2022 •

Product code: EF-1343

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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